among American Indian Youth in NEW MEXICO 2015



















This fact sheet presents physical activity data from the 2015 New Mexico Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey (YRRS). American Indian (AI) students were compared to all New Mexico (NM) students. Additionally, AI students attending schools on or adjacent (On/Adj) to tribal communities were compared to AI students attending schools off (Off) tribal land.

Percentage of Healthy Weight Middle and High School American Indian Students by Days of Physical Activity

American Indian high school students with 7 days of physical activity per week were significantly more likely to be at a healthy weight (64%) compared to those students with less than 3 days of physical activity (53%).



On average, students are 1 ½ times more likely to be at a healthy weight if they are active for 60 minutes every day compared to students who are active less than 3 days a week.

Calories Burned in 60 Minutes of Exercise*

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that youth ages 6-17 exercise for **60 minutes per day**, **7 days a week**. Active minutes do not have to be continuous for 1 hour, i.e., it is equally beneficial to exercise for 20 minutes in the morning and 40 minutes in the evening.

Basketball (non-game)	326	Jumping Rope (slow)	435	Stair Climbing	435
Cycling (5.5 mph)	217	Kickball	381	Swimming (casual)	381
Football (non-game)	435	Rock Climbing	435	Tennis	435
Golf (carry own clubs)	244	Running (5 mph)	435	Volleyball (casual)	163
Hiking	326	Soccer (non-game)	381	Weight Training	163

^{*}Calories based on a 120 lb student

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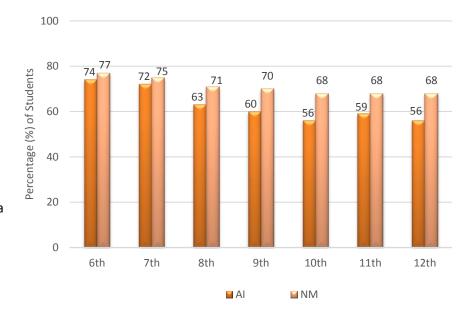




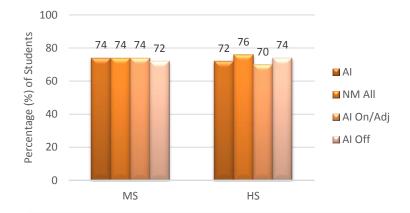


Percentage of Healthy Weight Middle and High School Students

The percentage of healthy weight American Indian students decreased with increasing grade level, from 74% in 6th grade to only 56% in 12th grade. At all grade levels, American Indian students were less likely to be at a healthy weight than NM students of all other racial/ethnic groups combined. To determine weight status, middle school students reported a self-described weight and a BMI was calculated for high school students based on self-reported height and weight.



Students that are obese in high school have a 95% likelihood of being overweight at age 35 and a 70% likelihood of being obese at age 35**



Middle and High School Students who Watched Less than 3 Hours of TV on School Days

Approximately 3/4 of American Indian students watched **less than 3 hours** of TV on school days. The Healthy People 2020 goal is 86.6% for all U.S. high school students. No significant differences in TV viewing were observed by race/ethnicity, or by place of residence, i.e., on or off tribal lands.

According to the American Diabetes Association, being overweight or obese at younger ages increases the lifetime risk of diabetes, however, **physical activity and proper nutrition can lower that risk**.

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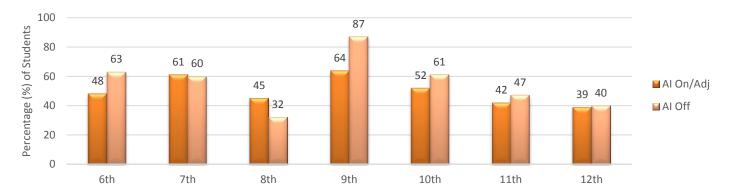




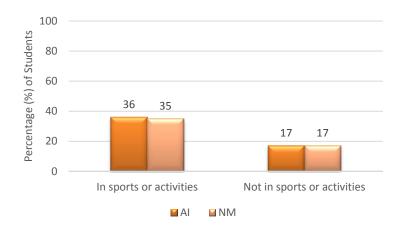


American Indian Students that had Some Physical Education (PE) in School

The percentage of American Indian students who received at least one day of PE in school fluctuated by grade and school location (on or off tribal lands). Less than half of the American Indian students in grades 8, 11, and 12 received <u>at least some</u> PE in school.



On average, American Indian students receive only 2 days of physical education per week



High School Students that had 7 Days of Physical Activity per Week by Sports Participation at School

Twice as many American Indian high school students were active 7 days a week (36%) if they participated in sports or activities at school compared to students who were not involved in sports or activities at school (17%).

American Indian high school students who participated in sports were 2.9 times more likely to get 7 days of physical activity compared to those students who do not participate.

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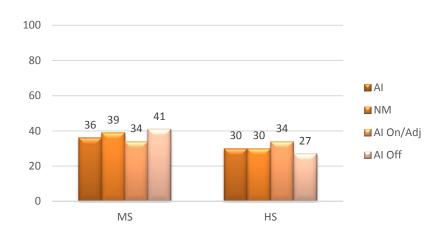






Students who Participated in 60 Minutes of Physical Activity 7 Days a Week

Fewer American Indian high school students (30%) get 60 minutes of physical activity 7 days a week compared to American Indian middle school students (36%). The Healthy People 2020 goal is 31.6 % for all U.S. adolescents, however, the Physical Activity Guidelines for Americans are that all children and adolescents should do 60 minutes or more of physical activity daily.



Recommendations and Resources

- ADVOCATE for physical education in school for youth in all grade levels.
- USE the Physical Activity Kit (PAK) designed for American Indians of all ages www.ihs.gov/hpdp/
- LEARN about programs are available in your community:
 - ➤ IHS Comprehensive School Health Education Program Incorporates school environment, education, worksite promotion, community partnerships, physical education, nutrition, mental health, and other health services. https://www.ihs.gov/healthed/schoolhealthed/
 - Let's Move in Indian Country http://www.nativefoodsystems.org/consumers/families/movingmore
 - > The Notah Begay III Foundation <u>www.nb3foundation.org</u>
 - ➤ Albuquerque Area Southwest Tribal Epidemiology Center for more American Indian youth data, fact sheets and reports, visit the AASTEC website at www.aastec.net

Sources:

The NM YRRS is a joint project of the New Mexico Department of Health (NMDOH), the University of New Mexico Prevention Research Center (UNM PRC), the Albuquerque Area Southwest Tribal Epidemiology Center (AASTEC), the Division of Adolescent and School Health, and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC-DASH). For more information on the NM YRRS visit www.Youthrisk.org.

**Guo SS, Wu W, Chumlea WC, Roche AF. Predicting overweight and obesity in adulthood from body mass index values in childhood and adolescence. Am J Clin Nutr. 2002; 76(3):653–8. PMID: 12198014.